

The redundant anode sputtering (RAS) Split Inductor

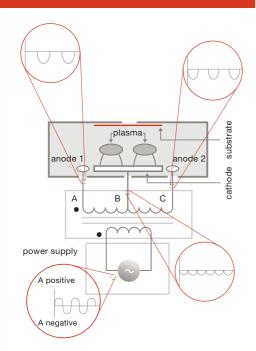
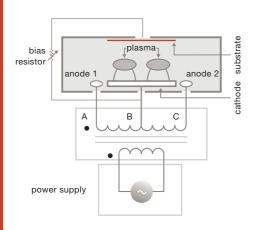


Figure 1: Schematic of a dual-anode sputtering system



# **POWER-LF/MF:** RAS – The Redundant Anode Sputtering Solution

AC dual-magnetron sputtering (DMS) has been a well known technique for more than 15 years. The need for long-term, stable deposition of insulating materials motivated the introduction of this technology into the industry. Even for the deposition of highly insulating materials like SiO2 or Al2O3, this technique can achieve high deposition rates, good process stability, and high uniformity.

But despite all these benefits, the AC dual-magnetron sputtering process has its limits. A dual-magnetron system has the disadvantage of requiring two targets, which adds expense and complicates maintenance. Furthermore, lack of space for the second target makes retrofitting into existing sputtering systems difficult, if not impossible.

DMS processes also suffer from plasma density decay, which causes over-voltage conditions as the plasma is re-established. Such conditions often increase substrate heating and introduce electrical noise into the system. In addition, the magnetic field over the target, when acting as an anode, impedes the flow of electrons. This causes power loss and reduces the deposition rate.

Another problem with DMS processes is the higher temperature load of the substrates compared to DC processes. This becomes significant for temperature-sensitive substrate materials such as web or other flexible films.

So, there is a need for a sputter technology that provides a long-term, stable process with good layer uniformity, high sputter rates (like a DC process without the disappearing anode problem), and less heating of the substrate, even for the deposition of highly insulating materials.

**The redundant anode sputtering solution** In the RAS configuration (Figure 1), each anode element acts as a true anode and as a sputtered cathode. Continuous reversal of the voltage and current keeps any insulating regions of the anodes from charging, which inhibits anode arcing. Furthermore, sputtering occurs on half cycles when the element is negative, which prevents insulating film buildup, thus completely eliminating the disappearing anode problem.

**The RAS system advantage** The RAS system provides sustainable anodes and periodically discharges both the anode and cathode (target) surfaces. This prevents arcing, while eliminating the voltage spikes associated with a DMS. The RAS system is not only easy to retrofit into existing single-target systems, but it also eliminates the difficulties associated with source matching or the unbalanced source erosion typical of a DMS.

This sputter technology enables a high deposition rate for insulating materials. It virtually eliminates arcing and reduces system space requirements. So, the costs are less compared to a dual-magnetron system.

**RAS Split Inductor** The RAS Split Inductor (Figure 2) is designed for use with PE or PEII 10 kW (or lower) power supply systems, which are part of the Advanced Energy<sup>®</sup> PE Series. The RAS Split Inductor provides an output center tap to permit operation of PE series power supplies in a system with dual anodes that is run in accordance with the teachings of U.S. Patent 5,897,753. The RAS Split Inductor can handle the full-rated power output of the associated power supply.

**The Bias "Knob"** The RAS system connects the substrate to the cathode through a resistor to enable easy substrate biasing (Figure 3). This advanced configuration provides enhanced control of bombardment and heating, giving you an added "knob" to directly affect the thin-film structure.

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# **RAS Split Inductor – Physical Specifications**

Size	207.6 mm (H) x 368.3 mm (W) x 410.2 mm (D); 8.2″ (H) x 14.5″ (W) x 16.2″ (D)	
Weight	6.8 kg (15 lb)	
Mounting	292 mm x 292 mm (11.5" x 11.5") base plate with mounting holes	
RAS Split Inductor – Electrical Specifications		
Input		
Power Frequenzy	35 A (AC) max, 1100 VRMS at 10 kW, 1600 VPEAK 40 to 100 kHz	
<b>Output</b> Voltage from Each Output to Ground	3300 VRMS max	

# **UPCOMING EVENTS:**

#### 03.09.-07.09. 22nd European Photovoltaic Solar **Energy Conference and Exhibition**

Fiera Milano - Exhibition and Convention Center Milan, Italy - www.photovoltaic-conference.com Booth # E18, Hall 16

#### 10.09.-11.09. Workshop Pro Flex Vacuum **Roll-to-roll Processing of Flexible Materials** Dresden, Germany - www.fep.fraunhofer.de

Paper: Recent developments in plasma generation for web coating applications U. Krause, Th. Linz, M. Lutz

## 19.09.-20.09. DISKCON USA 2007

Santa Clara, CA, USA - www.idema.org Booth # 219

24.09.-27.09. Solar Power 2007 Long Beach, CA, USA - www.solarpowerconference.com Booth # 337

## 03.10.-06.10. VTE 2007 (Vacuum Tech & Coating Expo)

Fiera Milano - Exhibition and Convention Center Milan, Italy - www.vacuumTech.eu Booth # C20

#### 09.10.-11.10. Semicon Europa

Neue Messe Stuttgart / New Stuttgart Trade Fair Center, Germany - www.semiconeuropa.org Booth # 2224, Hall 3

Presentation SEMI Technology Arena: Advanced Process Solutions for plasma-based Photovoltaic Volume Production: Generators and Plasma Sources

## 15.10.-18.10. V2007 (Vacuum Coating and

Plasma Surface Technology) Ramada Hotel Dresden, Germany - www.v2007.net Booth # 11, Hall "Philharmonie"

05.12.-07.12. Semicon Japan Tokyo, Japan - www.semiconjapan.semi.org/ Booth # not available yet

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